
CBE ID

3449

Title

Hospitalization for Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions for Dual Eligible Beneficiaries

Project

All-Cause Admissions and Readmissions

Endorsement Status

Endorsement Removed

Is Under Review

No

Previous Endorsement Cycle

Fall 2018

Removal Date

Thu, 07/07/2022 - 09:50

Initial Endorsement

Tue, 06/11/2019 - 06:41

Steward

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

1.0 New or Maintenance

Maintenance

1.1 Measure Structure

Composite Measure

1.3 Electronic Clinical Quality Measure (eCQM)

No

1.6 Measure Description

For dual eligible beneficiaries age 18 years and older, state-level observed and risk-adjusted rates of hospital admissions for ambulatory care sensitive conditions (ACSC) per 1,000 beneficiaries for ACSC by chronic and acute conditions. This measure has three rates reported as both observed and risk-adjusted rates:

- Chronic Conditions Composite
- Acute Conditions Composite
- Total (Acute and Chronic Conditions) Composite

The observed and risk-adjusted rates are stratified and reported for three populations: (1) community-dwelling home and community-based services (HCBS) users; (2) community-dwelling

non-HCBS users; or, (3) non-community-dwelling (institutionalized) population.

This measure is planned for public reporting and quality improvement at the state level. This population health measure can help states understand the underlying quality of outpatient care, including home- and community-based services, provided to dual eligible beneficiaries for acute conditions, chronic conditions, and overall. The state-level measure can assess the quality of a breadth of outpatient services by providers that may not be linked to a single accountable healthcare facility.

1.7 Measure Type

Composite

1.8 Level of Analysis

Population: Regional and State

1.9 Care Setting

Home Care, Outpatient Services, Post-Acute Care

1.14 Numerator

Chronic Composite: Number of acute inpatient hospital admissions in the measurement year for diabetes short term complications, diabetes long term complications, uncontrolled diabetes, low-extremity amputation, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), asthma, hypertension, and heart failure. Acute Composite: Number of acute inpatient hospital admissions in the measurement year for bacterial pneumonia, urinary tract infection, cellulitis and pressure ulcers. Total Composite: Sum of acute and chronic composites

1.15 Denominator

Dual eligible adults age 18 years and older within each state

1.20 Types of Data Sources

Claims Data

6.1.2 Current or Planned Use(s)

Public Reporting, Quality Improvement (Internal to the specific organization), Quality Improvement with Benchmarking (external benchmarking to multiple organizations)

6.1.3 Current Use(s)

Public Reporting, Quality Improvement (Internal to the specific organization), Quality Improvement with Benchmarking (external benchmarking to multiple organizations)

Exclusions

- See the numerator details section for exclusions from the individual composite indicators
- Hospitalizations for obstetrics
- Hospice
- Acute hospital transfers

Planned Use

Public Reporting, Quality Improvement (Internal to the specific organization)

Risk Adjustment

Statistical risk model

Steward Organization

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

Steward POC email

Helen.Dollar-Maples@cms.hhs.gov