

CBE ID

3749e

Title

Diagnostic Delay of Venous Thromboembolism (DOVE) in Primary Care

Endorsement Status

Endorsed

Is Under Review

No

Next Maintenance Cycle

Fall 2028

Previous Endorsement Cycle

Spring 2023

Initial Endorsement

Wed, 12/06/2023 - 12:00

Steward

Brigham and Women's Hospital

1.0 New or Maintenance

New

1.1 Measure Structure

Single Measure

1.6 Measure Description

This eCQM assesses the rate of delayed diagnosis of VTE in adults aged 18 years and older in the primary care setting. Delayed diagnosis is defined as diagnosis of VTE that occurs >24 hours following the index primary care visit where symptoms for the VTE were first present (within 30 days).

1.7 Measure Type

Outcome

1.8 Level of Analysis

Clinician: Group/Practice

1.14 Numerator

The subset of the denominator where the patient's VTE diagnosis occurs greater than 24 hours following a primary care visit (within 30 days).

1.15 Denominator

All adult patients (age 18 years and older) presenting in primary care with VTE-related symptoms, who are subsequently diagnosed with VTE following a primary care visit (within 30 days).

1.20 Types of Data Sources

Electronic Health Records

6.1.2 Current or Planned Use(s)

Payment Program, Public Reporting, Quality Improvement (Internal to the specific organization), Quality Improvement with Benchmarking (external benchmarking to multiple organizations)

6.1.3 Current Use(s)

Not in use

Exclusions

This eCQM excludes patients who received hospice or palliative care within 90 days of the eligible VTE event.

Risk Adjustment

No risk adjustment or risk stratification

The measure developer is different from the measure steward

No

Steward Organization

Brigham and Women's Hospital